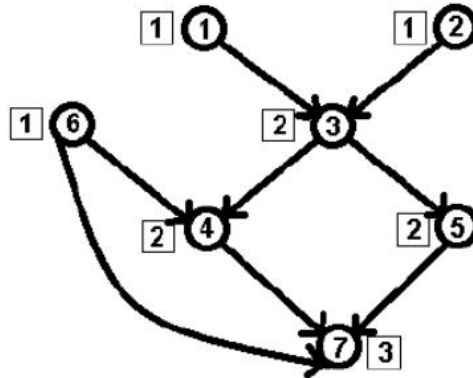


STRAHLER ORDER

In geology, a river system can be represented as a directed graph. Each river segment is an edge; with the edge pointing the same way the water flows. Nodes are either the source of a river segment (for example, a lake or spring), where river segments merge or diverge, or the mouth of the river.



Note: The number in a box is the order. The number in a circle is the node number.

The *Strahler order* of a river system is computed as follows.

- The order of each source node is 1.
- For every other node, let i be the highest order of all its upstream nodes. If just one upstream node has order i , then this node also has order i . If two or more upstream nodes have order i , then this node has order $i + 1$.

The order of the entire river system is the order of the mouth node. In this problem, the river system will have just one mouth. In the picture above, the *Strahler order* is three (3).

You must write a program to determine the order of a given river system.

The actual river with the highest order is the *Amazon*, with order 12. The highest in the U.S. is the *Mississippi*, with order 10.

Node M is the mouth of the river. It has no outgoing edges.

Input

The first line of input contains a single integer K , ($1 \leq K \leq 1000$), which is the number of data sets that follow. Each data set should be processed identically and independently.

Each data set consists of multiple lines of input. The first line of each data set contains three positive integers, K , M and P ($2 \leq m \leq 1000$). K is the data set number. M is the number of nodes in the graph and P is the number of edges. The first line is followed by P lines, each describing an edge of the graph. The line will contain two positive integers, A and B , indicating that water flows from node A to node B ($1 \leq A, B \leq M$). Node M is the mouth of the river. It has no outgoing edges.

Output

For each data set there is a single line of output. The line consists of the data set number, a single space and the order of the river system.

Examples

Nº	stdin	stdout
1	1 1 7 8 1 3 2 3 6 4 3 4 3 5 6 7 5 7 4 7	1 3